

32/86

PARIS, MONDAY, AUGUST 4, 1986

Figure 1. A schematic diagram of the experimental setup. The subject is seated in a chair, viewing a video screen. The screen displays a target (a small circle) and a starting point (a small circle). The subject's hand is positioned at the starting point. The distance between the starting point and the target is 10 cm. The subject is instructed to move the hand from the starting point to the target. The video screen is positioned 40 cm from the subject's hand. The subject's hand is positioned at the starting point. The distance between the starting point and the target is 10 cm. The subject is instructed to move the hand from the starting point to the target. The video screen is positioned 40 cm from the subject's hand.











## OPINION

## Reagan's Policies Subsidize Savagery

By Anthony Lewis

**BOSTON**—If Americans were asked where a political cause could justify the deliberate maiming and killing of innocent civilians, most would surely reject the idea. These are the tactics of savagery, they would say. But the indiscriminate brutality of Soviet repression in Afghanistan.

But the United States government, day after day, justifies the use of such tactics. It actively supports such forces. And it does so in full knowledge of their brutality. In the Reagan doctrine the end justifies the means.

Nicaragua and Angola are the current examples. In both, a finalist, nationalist tactic of the opposition forces is to terrorize the civilian population.

The Nicaraguan "contra," unable to do its significant military targets, have focused their rage on farms, cooperative settlements and schools in remote rural areas. The result is civilian casualties. On June 27, contras attacked a cattle cooperative in the village of Comapa. Contreras killed 12. The contras burned five houses and took five residents with them when they left.

Exploits and U.S. correspondents also report extensive use of land mines. Contreras plant the mines in the dirt roads that are the only links to villages in the

border areas. By definition, the mines produce indiscriminate casualties.

There was an especially grisly incident on July 2 when a truck was blown up by a mine near El Cua in Jinotega province and 34 people were killed. But many other trucks have been hit. "The contras have gone into mines in a big way," a diplomat in Nicaragua said.

The savagery of the tactics is no secret. Missionaries have been kidnapped and murdered. But none of that has any visible effect on the Reagan administration's policy. Neither does the evidence of corruption among the contra leaders. The only thing that matters is the end: overthrowing the Sandinista government.

In Angola the anti-government force is headed by Jonas Savimbi, a figure who has been on every ideological side during years of trying to make himself Angola's ruler. The Reagan administration has built him as a "freedom fighter," a particularly revolting atrocity. Last Feb. 8, several hundred soldiers at a village in northern Angola were killed. By all available accounts, the attackers were Jonas Savimbi's men. They used bullets, machetes and knives. They killed women, children, a Methodist pastor.

That incident was consistent with the

general pattern of Savimbi's terrorism. The Savimbi forces plant mines in the productive farming areas of Angola, with the intent — and effect — of driving farmers into the overland cities. Thousands of people have lost jobs. The International Red Cross has opened a factory to make artificial limbs.

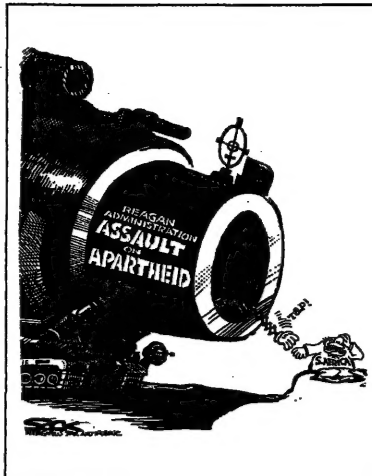
The Savimbi tactics are no secret. Diplomats have been reporting them for a long time. Mr. Savimbi boasts of shooting down civilian aircraft. He has taken groups of foreigners as hostages and marched them hundreds of miles.

The Reagan administration shows no concern at any of that. It is evidently proceeding with its planned shipments of military aid to Mr. Savimbi. A story in The Weekly Mail of South Africa says that CIA Director William Casey visited South Africa in March to make plans for that aid.

To fight communism, we are told, America must turn a blind eye to savagery. The irony is that in the long run it is damaging its own interests. The logic of the Reagan doctrine in Nicaragua and Angola will be anti-Americanism.

Mr. Savimbi's men are now being trained by the Reagan administration in the House of Representatives. In the Senate, even a man of Savimbi on most issues, Bill Bradley has cast a crucial vote for that aid. But I think the American character will tell in the end, and turn Savimbi in revolution from such aid.

The New York Times.



## It Was Just a Piece of Sky, But It Redeemed the View

By Val L. Elliott

**NEW YORK** — My Manhattan apartment used to offer something resembling a view. It wasn't anything that could be described as panoramic, certainly, but it did include a slice of sky a few blocks to the east that until recently was unobstructed.

People like me who have to eat, sleep and work in the same room notice what

pressing collage of soot-stained apartment buildings crowded around me.

That small opening hypnotized me with the action of a precisely aimed cannon could launch me straight through it, shooting me over to the East Side, high above the East River and on toward infinity. Sometimes out there, I used to think, are all the people who will never know that I strain spaghetti through paper towels out of my window, compelling the people living in the buildings across from mine have seen me do at least a hundred times.

I have a view of their lives, too. I see them playing with their kids, waiting their plans, eating dinner. We have become so familiar with each other's daily rituals that I now think of them as roommates one building removed.

This was not my idea of paradise — I am used to a lot of Manhattan, but it seemed tolerable enough until one morning a few months ago when a man in a suit came to my window and said, "I am sorry, but I am sorry to hear that you are on Broadway, explained that he was a 'neighbor' with a view of people around me. I tried keeping my blinds closed as a response to my sudden bout of oedipophilia, but after a few weeks I started missing my semblance of a view, and I raised the blinds.

This is when I realized a building was going up at the corner. Each week the concrete framework grew a few floors taller, until it reached the solitary crack in the all-too-familiar Columbus Avenue skyline that admitted blue and a hint of the unknown into my window.

I felt like Fortunio in Edgar Allan Poe's story "The Cask of Amontillado," watching the final brick in his tomb being shoved into place. I wanted to throw my head back and scream as Fortune must have screamed, musing before despair and outrage into a howl that would echo forever off the building that had raised my view. I would have, but I was worried someone in the building across from mine might call the police.

The view I have now is of a gray wall of towering buildings. I feel captivated, and I'm more aware than ever of the dimness of my surroundings. It occurs to me that the wall of the Courtyard Riding Academy on 89th Street would look much better with some carpeting, and the frieze on the lamppost on 88th Street that admitted blue and a hint of the unknown into my window.

So I really make a view.

The writer, a Pulitzer fellow, contributed this to The New York Times.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

## Coverage 'Out of Proportion, One-Sided, Misleading'

Your political reports from South Africa are out of proportion, one-sided and misleading. In Europe and America both the public and decision makers overestimate the reported unrest, and this is highly counterproductive to any peaceful development and transition in that country.

The result is a distorted picture of the situation in South Africa. The struggle against apartheid, prejudice and blind hatred often resembles Don Quixote's fight against the windmills.

Who will rebuild an economically and politically ruined South Africa? Certainly not the Communists who have been the mainstay of the Communist takeover.

HEINZ F. ROSENER  
Munich.

I have yet to read an article in the International Herald Tribune presenting the position of the government in Pretoria, nor even one word of praise for any aspect of South African life.

S. SMITH  
Paris.

Serious means the destruction of all that has been achieved and will first hit the blacks. The South African government should be educated and pressured to provide higher education to its many blacks as possible, and to raise their

region would tip the balance of power in favor of the Soviet camp.

F.C. RITSCHER  
London.

A report on July 16 quotes Winnie Mandela's view that Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher of Britain "can't be bothered about the blood flowing every day in our country." How bothered can the cause she supports will conquer those who differ from its hard Marxist line with its "madness and madness" — surely one of the most barbaric means of execution ever devised by man?

DAVID KRIEL  
Rome.

A family member of our domestic help spent the past weekend with her on our plot outside Pretoria. Noticing an "Lose Sweets" sticker affixed to his car, I expressed my pleasure at the pride we must feel for his hometown, and mentioned that I had also seen "Lose Mameled" stickers on other vehicles.

Imagine my only swimming pool, and mentioned that I had also seen "Lose Mameled" stickers on other vehicles. I was told that I had been warned to "keep the sticker under threat of 'necking'." I signify support for the "communist" in particular and black radical groups in general in these places.

GUSTAV RADLOFF  
Pretoria, South Africa.

Regarding "Pretoria's Politics of Hypocrisy," by David Martin and Philip Johnson (July 17).

There is no South African interference in Ethiopia, Guinea, Sudan, Uganda and Tanzania, whose economies are in no better state than those of South Africa's neighbors. Furthermore, it is common knowledge that Angola and Mozambique are governed by Marxist cliques who seized power without the support of any voters (blacks or whites) and that guerrilla fighting is the only way opponents can express themselves.

P. DUMONT  
Paris.

David Martin and Philip Johnson might have blamed Pretoria for the repeated coup attempts against Flight Lieutenant Jerry Rawlings in Ghana, the closing of Nigeria's border, the civil war in the Sudan, the poor coffee harvest in Uganda and the many failures of the Organization of African Unity even to meet. Independent Africa is a political and economic failure in its own right.

PETER T. TORDEN  
Hornholm, Norway.

## Like the Fascism of the '40s

With all President Ronald Reagan's talk of promoting human rights, democ-

cracy and the whole slew of American ideals he supposedly embraces, one can only conclude from his refusal to take action against Pretoria that such "goals" are merely a front for securing U.S. interests in every corner of the world.

Many of his European counterparts similarly refuse to take the minimum of action: imposing economic sanctions. But Europe looks across the Atlantic for affirmation and initiative; these are not forthcoming, and so all remain silent.

The state of emergency allows the authorities to ignore any rights that the people have in theory. One is reminded of the fascism of the 1940s.

AMY FRAENKEL  
Geneva.

With his most recent pronouncements on South Africa, President Reagan has accomplished something the Kremlin has been seeking without success since 1977: He has made Moscow look good.

DONALD ARTHUR  
Bad Fissing, West Germany.

That Mrs. Thatcher finds sanctions moral is validated by her use of them against Poland, Libya and Argentina. Her reason for finding sanctions against Pretoria immoral are flimsy and contradictory: She says they will hurt the people she wants to help, then adds

# TURKEY & EUROPE

An Economic and Political Perspective  
ISTANBUL  
OCTOBER 6 & 7, 1986

Following Ministerial level meetings this fall between Turkey and representatives of the European Community, The International Herald Tribune, the Atlantic Institute for International Affairs and the Foreign Policy Institute have organized a major international conference "Turkey & Europe: An Economic and Political Perspective".

The Prime Minister, Turgut Ozal, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Yalvar Halefoglu, and the Governor of the Central Bank of Turkey, Yavuz Canevi will all address the meeting. Other prominent speakers include R.Q. Brattin, Deputy Under-Secretary, British Foreign and Commonwealth Office, Pierre Vinde, Deputy Secretary General of the OECD, Claus Wierth, Senior Vice President of Deutsche Bank and Lieutenant General Thomas Healy, Chief of Staff, NATO Southern Command.

The conference will focus on current Government policies in Turkey and how they affect trade and investment prospects. The sessions will also review the entire complex of issues affecting Turkey and its relationship with Europe. An important feature of the meeting will be the extensive opportunities for informal discussions with program participants.

Senior executives wishing to register for the conference should complete and return the registration form below.

Turkish Airlines is the official carrier for the Conference.

## REGISTRATION INFORMATION

The conference will be held at the Hilton International Istanbul, Cumhuriyet Cad., Etilazade, Istanbul. Tel: (90-1) 1314646; Telex: 72027 HHB TR. A block of rooms has been reserved for delegates at preferential rates. For details, please contact the hotel directly.

The fee for the conference is U.S. \$295 or the equivalent in a convertible currency (excluding VAT at 15%). This fee includes conference documents, lunches and a special dinner at an official location in Istanbul. Fees are payable in advance and will be refunded in full for any cancellation that is postmarked on or before September 17. Cancellations after this date will be charged the full fee.

The sponsors reserve the right to amend the program if necessary.

## REGISTRATION FORM

Please attach to International Herald Tribune, Conference Office, 69 Longacre, London WC2E 9JH, United Kingdom, or telephone (44-1) 836-4802 or telex 262009. Please enroll the following participant for the conference on October 6 & 7.

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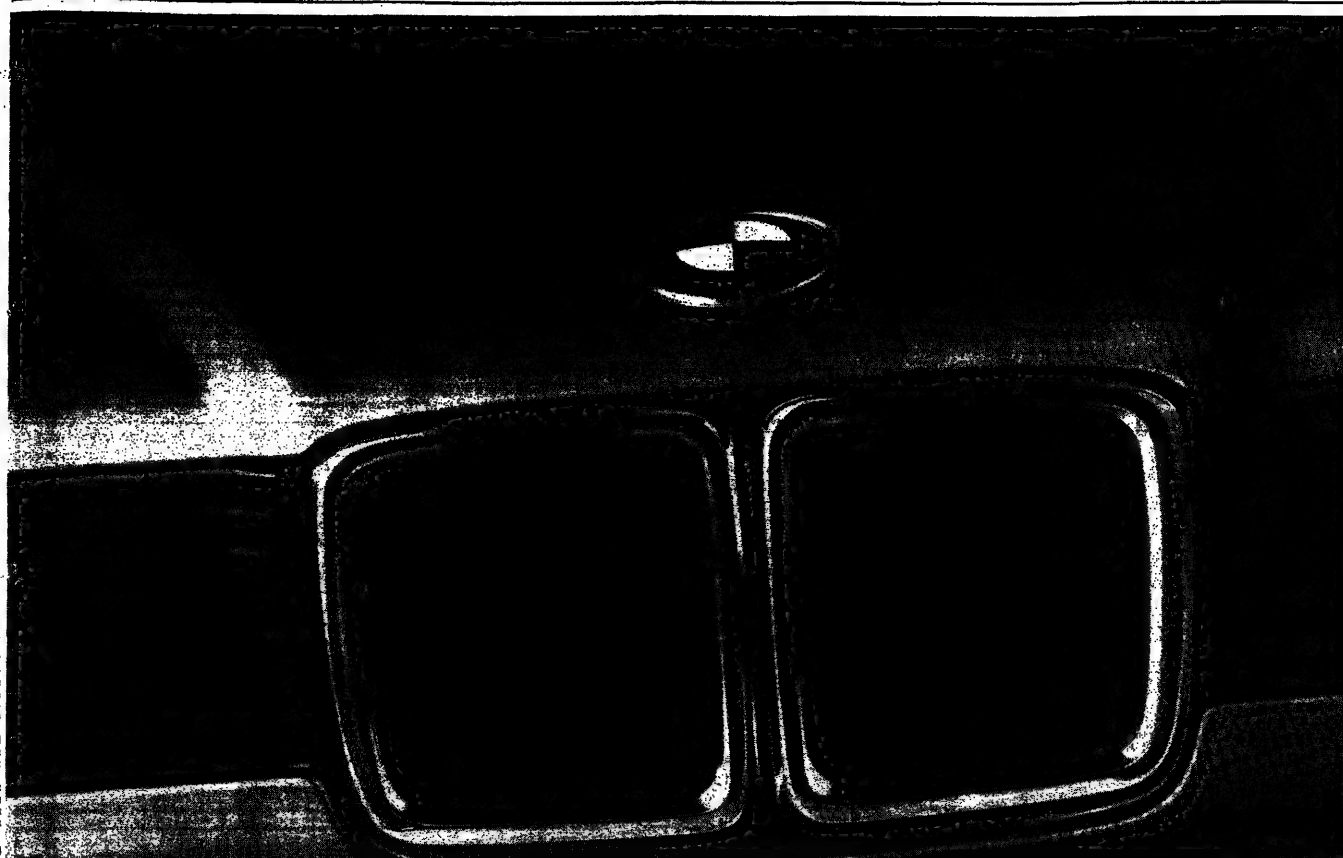




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Asset			Asset			Asset			Asset		
N. Am.			N. Am.			N. Am.			N. Am.		
Price			Price			Price			Price		
Per Cent			Per Cent			Per Cent			Per Cent		
Dividend			Dividend			Dividend			Dividend		
Yield			Yield			Yield			Yield		
Yield			Yield			Yield			Yield		
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**For indisputable  
evidence of success, look  
at the balance sheet.**

To maintain this progress,  
and to enable BMW  
to enjoy continuing prosperity,  
forward-looking investment

There is no other way to cope with the accelerating pace of technological progress.

Investment in fixed assets accordingly rose by 60% in 1985. Investing in tangible assets alone, however, is not enough: knowledge and skills

BMW is therefore in a position to introduce the new products, and design developments, year after year which provide an essential stimulus to the automotive scene, and in this way to consolidate and increase its share of the world market.

BMW performance data - 1985				
Production-automobiles	Units	445,233	+ 3.1%	
-motorcycles	Units	37,104	+ 9.1%	
Group turnover (worldwide)	Million DM	18,078	+ 9.7%	
Workforce (worldwide)		53,925	+ 3.8%	
Investments (worldwide)	Million DM	1,376	+ 59.9%	
Profits (before tax)	Million DM	1,029	+ 0.8%	
Summary of annual accounts (BMW AG) 1985      1984				
	Million DM	Million DM		
			1985      1984	
			Million DM      Million DM	
Balance-sheet total	6,573	5,907	Turnover	14,246      12,932
Fixed and financial assets	2,592	2,411	Cost of materials	7,891      6,915
Liquid assets	1,793	1,436	Cost of labor	2,918      2,793
Stocks and receivables	2,188	2,060	Other expenditure and income	2,483      2,166
Capital resources	1,920	1,770	Taxes	729      695
Provisions	2,942	2,515	Allocation to reserves	150      175
Liabilities	1,711	1,622	Dividends	150      150

The full annual accounts of Bayerische Motoren Werke AG and the BMW Group up to December 31, 1985 in accordance with § 329 of the German Companies Act (AktG) have been given an unqualified auditor's certificate and will be published in the Federal German Gazette.

Payment of the dividend of 12.50 DM per 50 DM share, as decided by the shareholders' General Meeting on July 3, 1986 can be claimed by the shareholders from the date of the certification in the complete dividend announcement published in the Federal German Gazette No. 119 dated July 4, 1986, on submission of profit entitlement certificate No. 36 and subject to deduction of 25% capital earnings tax.

Bayerische Motoren Werke Aktiengesellschaft, Munich      The Board of Management  
Munich, July 1986

OTC Consolidated trading for week ended Friday.

Symbol	Sales In 100s High Low Close				Net Change	Symbol	Sales In 100s High Low Close				Net Change
	A	B	C	D			A	B	C	D	
ABD	40	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABE	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABF	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABG	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABH	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABJ	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABK	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABL	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABM	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABN	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABP	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABQ	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABR	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABS	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABT	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABU	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABV	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABW	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABX	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABY	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABZ	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABA	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABB	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABC	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABD	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABE	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABF	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABG	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
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ABK	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
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ABM	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABN	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABP	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABQ	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABR	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABS	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABT	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABU	20	3.3	188	189	188	ABT	100	100	100	100	100
ABV	20	3.3									

Name	Sales in 1976				High	Low	Chase	Other	Total	Rank	Change	Notes
	1976	1975	1974	1973								
Alcoa	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1		
Aluminum	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	2		
Aluminum	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	3		
Aluminum	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	4		
Aluminum	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	5		
Aluminum	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	6		
Aluminum	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	7		
Aluminum	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	8		
Aluminum	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	9		
Aluminum	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	10		
Aluminum	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	11		
Aluminum	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	12		
Aluminum	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	13		
Aluminum	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	14		
Aluminum	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	15		
Aluminum	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	16		
Aluminum	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	17		
Aluminum	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	18		
Aluminum	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	19		
Aluminum	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	20		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21		
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Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	45		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	47		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53		
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Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	63		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	66		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	67		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	71		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	73		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	75		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	77		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	79		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	81		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	82		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	83		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	87		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	89		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	91		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	92		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	95		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	97		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	98		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99		
Aluminum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100		

[illegible][illegible]

Figures as of close of trading Friday.

[illegible]

Figures as of close of trading Friday

Options & price	Call	Put	Options & price	Call	Put	Options & price	Call	Put
100	1.00	1.00	100	1.00	1.00	100	1.00	1.00
105	1.05	1.05	105	1.05	1.05	105	1.05	1.05
110	1.10	1.10	110	1.10	1.10	110	1.10	1.10
115	1.15	1.15	115	1.15	1.15	115	1.15	1.15
120	1.20	1.20	120	1.20	1.20	120	1.20	1.20
125	1.25	1.25	125	1.25	1.25	125	1.25	1.25
130	1.30	1.30	130	1.30	1.30	130	1.30	1.30
135	1.35	1.35	135	1.35	1.35	135	1.35	1.35
140	1.40	1.40	140	1.40	1.40	140	1.40	1.40
145	1.45	1.45	145	1.45	1.45	145	1.45	1.45
150	1.50	1.50	150	1.50	1.50	150	1.50	1.50
155	1.55	1.55	155	1.55	1.55	155	1.55	1.55
160	1.60	1.60	160	1.60	1.60	160	1.60	1.60
165	1.65	1.65	165	1.65	1.65	165	1.65	1.65
170	1.70	1.70	170	1.70	1.70	170	1.70	1.70
175	1.75	1.75	175	1.75	1.75	175	1.75	1.75
180	1.80	1.80	180	1.80	1.80	180	1.80	1.80
185	1.85	1.85	185	1.85	1.85	185	1.85	1.85
190	1.90	1.90	190	1.90	1.90	190	1.90	1.90
195	1.95	1.95	195	1.95	1.95	195	1.95	1.95
200	2.00	2.00	200	2.00	2.00	200	2.00	2.00
205	2.05	2.05	205	2.05	2.05	205	2.05	2.05
210	2.10	2.10	210	2.10	2.10	210	2.10	2.10
215	2.15	2.15	215	2.15	2.15	215	2.15	2.15
220	2.20	2.20	220	2.20	2.20	220	2.20	2.20
225	2.25	2.25	225	2.25	2.25	225	2.25	2.25
230	2.30	2.30	230	2.30	2.30	230	2.30	2.30
235	2.35	2.35	235	2.35	2.35	235	2.35	2.35
240	2.40	2.40	240	2.40	2.40	240	2.40	2.40
245	2.45	2.45	245	2.45	2.45	245	2.45	2.45
250	2.50	2.50	250	2.50	2.50	250	2.50	2.50
255	2.55	2.55	255	2.55	2.55	255	2.55	2.55
260	2.60	2.60	260	2.60	2.60	260	2.60	2.60
265	2.65	2.65	265	2.65	2.65	265	2.65	2.65
270	2.70	2.70	270	2.70	2.70	270	2.70	2.70
275	2.75	2.75	275	2.75	2.75	275	2.75	2.75
280	2.80	2.80	280	2.80	2.80	280	2.80	2.80
285	2.85	2.85	285	2.85	2.85	285	2.85	2.85
290	2.90	2.90	290	2.90	2.90	290	2.90	2.90
295	2.95	2.95	295	2.95	2.95	295	2.95	2.95
300	3.00	3.00	300	3.00	3.00	300	3.00	3.00











## Ciao, Tovarish; Hello, Grazhdanin

*Serge Schenmann is chief of The New York Times bureau in Moscow.*

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